

January 14, 1794, I the undersigned, one of His Majesty's justices of the peace, received The mutual Marriage Consent of Paul Gina and of Marie Josephte, In the presence of the undersigned witnesses, in the House of Sieur Gabriel Cotté, Esquire, at Michilimakina, * * *

D. MITCHELL, J. P.³⁰

ALEXIS LAFRAMBOISE; JOS. BLUNT LEHKE; R. YOUNG; J. B. BARTHE; PATRICE ADHEMAR; GUILLAUME AMOTHE; ADHEMAR ST MARTIN; HARRIET BLUNT; LOUISA HAMILTON;³¹ BLONDEAU ADHEMAR; ADHEMAR LARFAMBOISE; ANGELIQUE ADHEMAR; PAUL GINA, + HIS MARK; MARIE JOSEPHTE, + her mark.

February 6, 1794, I the Undersigned, one of His Majesty's justices of the Peace, received The mutual Marriage Consent of Jean Baptiste La fontaine and of Marguerite, In the presence

plies, but personally he was non-combatant. He was arrested about 1816 for treason, being defended at St. Louis by Thomas H. Benton, who secured his acquittal. In 1829 Brisbois became blind, and died at his Prairie du Chien home in 1837. See interview with his son, in *Wis. Hist. Colls.*, ix, pp. 282-285; also numerous references in other volumes of this series.—Ed.

³⁰ David Mitchell came to America in 1771, entering the British army as surgeon's mate in 1774. Soon thereafter his regiment was ordered to Mackinac, and upon its removal (1783) Dr. Mitchell continued his services until relieved in 1786. Meanwhile he had married a Chippewa woman, and had a fine house and garden upon the island. He entered the Indian trade and was made justice of the peace for his district. Upon the removal of the British, Dr. Mitchell set up an establishment on St. Joseph's Island, but his wife elected to remain at Mackinac. In 1811 he was reappointed surgeon in the Indian Department, and aided in the British invasion of 1812. At the close of the war, he retired with the troops to Drummond Island, where he remained in public service until his death, which occurred after 1825. His wife was one of the best-known residents of early Mackinac; see *Wis. Hist. Colls.*, xiv, pp. 35-38.—Ed.

³¹ Probably a daughter of Dr. Mitchell; see *Id.*, ix, p. 204.—Ed.